Starcore International Mines Ltd.

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

October 31, 2009

(Unaudited)

THE ACCOMPANYING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2009 HAVE NOT BEEN REVIEWED OR AUDITED BY THE CORPORATION'S AUDITORS.

Starcore International Mines Ltd. Interim Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands of Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

Assets Current			July 31, 2009	
Current				
Cash and cash equivalents (notes 3, 12 and 13)	\$	2,059 \$	1,018	
Amounts receivable (note 4)		1,019	1,697	
Inventory (note 5)		1,143	974	
Prepaid expenses and advances		734	492	
		4,955	4,181	
Mining interest, plant and equipment (note 6)		41,680	41,269	
Mineral properties and deferred exploration costs (note 7)		806	806	
	\$	47,441 \$	46,256	
Liabilities	-			
Current				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,402 \$	1,729	
Current portion of loan payable (notes 8 and 13)		6,101	6,692	
		8,503	8,421	
Loan payable (notes 8 and 13)				
Reclamation and closure cost obligations (note 9)		1,506	1,489	
Other long-term liabilities (note 10)		2,640	2,563	
Future income taxes		8,800	8,617	
		21,449	21,090	
Shareholders' Equity				
Share capital (note 11)		33,318	33,318	
Contributed surplus (note 11)		8,101	6,660	
Warrants (notes 8 and 11)		1,918	3,359	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(322)	(586)	
Deficit		(17,023)	(17,585)	
		25,992	25,166	
	\$	47,441 \$	46,256	
Commitments (notes 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 13) Segmented information (note 14) Nature of Operations and Going Concern (note 1) Subsequent events (note 16) Approved by the Directors:				
"Robert Eadie" Director <u>"Ga</u>	ry Arca"	Director		

Starcore International Mines Ltd. Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income (in thousands of Canadian dollars except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

For the three months ended October 31,	2009		2008
Revenues (notes 12 and 13)			
Mined ore	\$ 4,58	6 \$	4,371
Purchased concentrate	28	0	2,258
	4,86	6	6,629
Cost of Sales			
Mined Ore	2,38	6	2,921
Purchased concentrate	25		2,109
Reclamation and closure (note 9)	1	8	19
Amortization and depletion	52		621
	3,17	9	5,670
Earnings from mining operations	1,68	7	959
Administrative Expenses			
Amortization	1	7	16
Stock-based compensation (note 11)		-	13
Interest on long-term debt (note 8)	7	5	146
Accretion on long-term debt (note 8)	5	3	52
Professional and consulting fees	7	8	20
Management fees and salary	11	2	7′
Office, travel and administration	13	6	7:
Shareholder relations	3	6	103
Transfer agent and regulatory fees		5	(
	51	2	689
Income before other income and income taxes Other income	1,17	5	270
Foreign exchange income (loss)	1	7	(153
Investment and interest income	-	1	45
Income before income taxes	1,19	3	162
Foreign taxes expense	(48		102
Future income tax expense	(15	· ·	(271
Net income (loss) for the period	50	52	(109
Other Comprehensive income:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment	26	4	4,769
Comprehensive income for the period	\$ 82	6 \$	4,660
Basic income (loss) per share	\$ 0.0	1 \$	(0.00
Diluted income (loss) per share	\$ 0.0	1 \$	(0.00
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding	60,690,78	9	60,690,789
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding	91,906,24	6	N/A

Starcore International Mines Ltd. Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

For the three months ended October 31,		2009	2008
Cash provided by			
Operating activities			
Income (loss) for the period	\$	562 \$	(109)
Items not involving cash			
Amortization and depletion		540	637
Stock-based compensation		-	89
Accretion on long-term debt		53	52
Interest on long-term debt		67	-
Employee profit sharing (note 10)		66	115
Reclamation and closure cost accretion (note 9)		18	19
Future income tax		150	271
Other		(1)	(1)
Change in non-cash working capital items			
Prepaid expenses and advances		(238)	154
Amounts receivable		681	322
Inventory		(161)	457
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		661	(818)
Total cash provided by operating activities		2,398	1,188
Financing activities			
Loan payable		(734)	(500)
Total cash used in financing activities		(734)	(500)
T (1 (1 (1))			
Investing activities			(1.105)
Mining interest, plant and equipment net of disposals		(781)	(1,125)
Total cash used in investing activities		(781)	(1,125)
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			() - /
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash		158	1,073
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,041	636
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		1,018	2,890
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		1,010	2,070
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	2,059 \$	3,526
Supplementary disclosure of cash flow information			
Cash paid for:			
Interest	\$	8 \$	146
Income taxes	\$	481 \$	170
Non-cash transactions - note 11	Φ	401 \$	-

Non-cash transactions - note 11

Starcore International Mines Ltd. Interim Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity for the periods ended October 31, 2009 and July 31, 2009 (in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for number of shares) (Unaudited)

	Shares	Amount	Contributed Surplus	Warrants	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Deficit	Total
Balance August 1, 2008	60,690,789	33,318	6,828	3,359	(2,750)	(18,496)	22,259
Stock-based compensation Foreign currency translation Net income for the year	-	-	(168)	-	2,164		(168) 2,164 911
Balance July 31, 2009		33,318	6,660	3,359	(586)	(17,585)	25,166
Expiry of warrants			1,441	(1,441)	(380)	-	- 25,100
Foreign currency translation Net income for the period		-	- -		264	562	264 562
Balance October 31, 2009	60,690,789	\$ 33,318	\$ 8,101	\$ 1,918	\$ (322)	\$ (17,023)	\$ 25,992

October 31, 2009

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Starcore International Mines Ltd. (the "Company" or "Starcore") is engaged in exploring, extracting and processing gold and silver on February 1, 2007 the Company acquired Compañia Minera Peña de Bernal, S.A. de C.V. ("Bernal"), which owns the San Martin mine in Queretaro, Mexico, from Luismin S.A. de C.V. ("Luismin"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Goldcorp, Inc. (the "Acquisition"). Pursuant to the Acquisition the Company paid US\$24 million or \$28,248 and issued 4,729,600 common shares to Luismin at a fair value of US\$2 million or \$2,365 based upon the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") trading value of the Company's shares at the date of the Agreement. The San Martin mine has been in operation since 1993 producing gold and silver and represents the purchase of a self sustaining mining operation in Mexico for the Company. The Company is also engaged in owning, acquiring, exploiting, exploring and evaluating mineral properties, and either joint venturing or developing these properties further or disposing of them when the evaluation is completed. The Company has interests in properties which are exclusively located in Mexico.

The Company's continued existence as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to continue profitable operations. During the period ended October 31, 2009, the cash flow generated from operations exceeded the cash used in repaying the loan payable and in investing activities by \$1,041 bringing the Company's cash balance to \$2,059 with a working capital deficiency of \$3,548 (See below). The ability of the Company to generate sufficient cash flows to continue as a going concern is dependent upon many factors including, but not limited to, sufficient ore grade, ore production and continued delivery of purchased concentrate at the San Martin mine, control of mine production costs, administrative costs and tax costs and upon the market price of metals. Cash flows may also be affected by the ability of the Company to reduce capital expenditures, including mine development, or to restructure debt payments. The Company may also generate cash from future debt or equity financings, however, depending on market conditions; there is no assurance that such financings will be available to the Company.

To date, the Company has made all debt, interest payments and forward contract sales payments due under the Loan Facility Agreement ("Agreement") with Investec Bank (U.K.) Limited ("Investec") (Note 8), as required by the Agreement. As at the quarter ended January 31, 2009, however, the Company failed to meet a debt covenant which requires that the current ratio (current assets compared to current liabilities) not fall below a ratio of 110%. This represented a default under the Agreement with Investec. The Company received a waiver of this default from Investec at April 30, 2009 on the condition that the Company obtain additional financing by June 30, 2009. Due, in part, to the strengthening of both the US Dollar in relation to the Mexican Peso and of the Canadian Dollar in relation to the US Dollar, the working capital ratio was corrected by June 30th, 2009 and continues to meet the ratio requirement. As a result, the Company may or may not be in default of certain provisions of the Agreement. Investec has also informed the Company that a triggering event has occurred under the Agreement due to the fact that the Company has not met metal production targets outlined in the original Development Plan dated January 31, 2007, made pursuant to the grant of the Loan Facility. Under the Agreement, a triggering event, unremedied, may lead to a default which may result in Investec taking additional measures to perform ongoing detailed review of mining operations and to control, in conjunction with the Company's management, mine operations and financial matters, including joint control of working capital accounts. The Company continues to work closely with Investec in providing technical and financial information as requested in order to facilitate the process for Investec to gain comfort with the mining operations and resolve these issues satisfactorily with Investec. Due to the uncertainty regarding the Agreement status, management believes it is conservative to reclassify the Loan as current on the balance sheet. This reclassification is made to conform to the requirements of EIC-122 and EIC-59 and in no way affects the repayment schedule of the Loan as the Company has not been informed by Investec that the repayment schedule to January 31, 2013 has changed. Management believes that the Company will continue to make Loan principle, interest and forward contract payments in accordance with the requirements of the Agreement and is working with the cooperation of Investec to resolve any issues with the Agreement.

October 31, 2009

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern – (cont'd)

Management continues working to achieve efficiencies and improved cash flow at the mine and is exploring all opportunities available to the Company to ensure its future success including pursuing efforts to diversify the Company's resource property holdings through acquisition and merger opportunities. While management believes the Company will be able to continue operations in the future, given the uncertainty of the above and other items, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to meet all of its operating costs, forward contract sales, capital expenditures and debt payments in the coming fiscal year. Subsequent to October 31, 2009, the Company completed a private placement for proceeds of \$2,200 (see note 16).

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern. No adjustments have been made to reflect the effect on the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive loss and cash flows should this assumption be incorrect and the Company forced to liquidate its assets realize its liabilities prematurely.

2. Interim Reporting

While the information presented in the accompanying financial statements is unaudited, it includes all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim period in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. It is suggested that these interim unaudited financial statements be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2009.

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods as the Company's most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements. Operating results for the three months ended October 31, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results that can be expected for the year ending July 31, 2010.

Recently Released Canadian Accounting Standards

Goodwill and Intangible Assets - Section 3064

In February 2008, the CICA issued Section 3064, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets", which replaces Section 3062, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets". This new standard provides guidance on the recognition measure, presentation and disclosure of goodwill and intangible assets and is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2008. Concurrent with the adoption of this standard, EIC-27, "Revenues and Expenditures in the Pre-Operating Period", will be withdrawn. This new sections is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial condition or operating results.

Financial Statement Concepts – Section 1000

In February 2008, the CICA amended portions of Section 1000, "*Financial Statement Concepts*", which the CICA concluded permitted deferral of costs that did not meet the definition of an asset. The amendments apply to annual and interim financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2008. Upon adoption of S.3064 and the amendments to Section 1000 for fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2008, capitalized amounts that no longer meet the definition of an asset will be expensed retrospectively. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

October 31, 2009

2. Interim Reporting – (cont'd)

<u>Recently Released Canadian Accounting Standards</u> – (cont'd)

Business Combinations – Section 1582

In January 2009, the CICA issued Section 1582 – Business Combinations, which replaces Section 1581 – Business Combinations, and Section 1601 – Consolidated Financial Statements and Section 1602 – Non-Controlling Interests, which replace Section 1600 – Consolidated Financial Statements. These new sections are effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2011 with earlier adoption permitted. Section 1582 and 1602 will require net assets, non-controlling interests and goodwill acquired in a business combination to be recorded at fair value and non-controlling interests will be reported as a component of equity. In addition, the definition of a business is expanded and is described as an integrated set of activities and assets that are capable of being managed to provide a return to investors or economic benefits to owners. As well acquisition costs are not part of the consideration and are to be expensed when incurred. These new sections are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial condition or operating results.

International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

In 2006, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB") published a new strategic plan that will significantly affect financial reporting requirements for Canadian companies. The AcSB strategic plan outlines the convergence of Canadian GAAP with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") over an expected five year transitional period. In February 2008 the AcSB announced that 2011 is the changeover date for publicly-listed companies to use IFRS, replacing Canada's own GAAP. The date is for interim and annual financial statements relating to the Company's fiscal years beginning on or after August 1, 2011. The transition date of August 1, 2011 will require the restatement for comparative purposes of amounts reported by the Company for the year ended July 31, 2011. While the Company has begun assessing the adoption of IFRS for 2011, the financial reporting impact of the transition to IFRS cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents include Guaranteed Investment Certificates and/or Government of Canada Treasury bills with a market value of \$357 (July 31, 2009 - \$407) earning interest income at approximately 0.5% per annum and maturing on November 3, 2009. Substantially all of the Company's cash is held at three financial institutions and as such the Company is exposed to the risks of those financial institutions.

4. Amounts Receivable

	October 31,		July 31,			
	2009			2009		
Value added tax and Goods and Services Tax	\$	734	\$	834		
Customers		230		825		
Other		55		38		
	\$	1,019	\$	1,697		

5. Inventory

	Octo	October 31, 2009		July 31,
	2			2009
Dore	\$	542	\$	396
Work-in-process		160		160
Supplies		441		418
	\$	1,143	\$	974

October 31, 2009

6. Mineral Interest, Plant and Equipment

	October 31, 2009						
	Cost	ame	umulated ortization depletion	Net	book value		
Mining interest	\$ 39,256	\$	4,267	\$	34,989		
Plant and equipment	8,732		2,156	·	6,576		
Corporate office equipment, vehicles, software and leaseholds	284		169		115		
	\$ 48,272	\$	6,592	\$	41,680		
		July	31, 2009				
	~	Accumulated amortization					
	Cost	and	depletion	Net	book value		
Mining interest	\$ 38,340	\$	3,929	\$	34,411		
Plant and equipment	8,672		1,944		6,728		
Corporate office equipment, vehicles, software and leaseholds	282		152		130		
	\$ 47,294	\$	6,025	\$	41,269		

7. Mineral Properties and Deferred Exploration Costs

Cerro de Dolores, Mexico

The Company entered into an option agreement effective December 15, 2003, and amended July 23, 2007 with Wheaton River Minerals Ltd. ("Wheaton") and two of Wheaton's subsidiaries, Luismin and Compañia Minera Astumex, S.A. de C.V. (collectively, "Goldcorp") for the acquisition of up to an 80% interest in the Cerro de Dolores property (the "Agreement") subject to a 3% net smelter return royalty.

In order to exercise an initial option and acquire a 51% interest in the property, the Company must issue a total of 250,000 (issued) common shares and incur US \$1.4 million in exploration expenditures on the property over a six year period to June 2010. To October 31, 2009, the Company has incurred approximately US\$475 in direct work expenditures on the property and was in default of exploration expenditure requirements under the Agreement and is currently renegotiating with Goldcorp. No exploration costs were incurred during the period ended October 31, 2009 or the year ended July 31, 2009 or 2008.

8. Loan Payable

Pursuant to the Acquisition of Bernal (note 1), the Company arranged a US\$13 million bank Loan with Investec which is repayable quarterly and matures on April 30, 2013. The Loan bears interest at LIBOR plus 3%, subject to an increase to LIBOR plus 4% upon an event of default, which occurred as at the January 31, 2009 quarter end as discussed below, and is secured by all of the assets of Bernal, all of the shares of Bernal and Starcore Mexicana S.A. de C.V., wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, and by a guarantee from the Company. During the period ended October 31, 2009, the effective interest rate to the Company was 4.49% (July 31, 2009 - 5.04%). The Company has the right to repay the Loan at any time without penalty. The Loan consists of two Tranches as follows:

October 31, 2009

8. Loan Payable – (cont'd)

- a) Tranche A for US\$8million is repayable as to interest and principal each three months with the balance due by July 31, 2010. In connection with the Tranche A Loan, the Company issued 12,442,000 detachable warrants ("Loan warrants") exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.76 (or US\$0.643) per share until April 30, 2011. The warrants are non-transferable, except by agreement of the Company, and are exercisable first to directly reduce the outstanding Loan balance at the rate of US\$0.643 per warrant exercised and, once the Loan balance is repaid, for cash to the Company at the rate of \$0.76 per warrant exercised. During the period ended October 31, 2009, the Company has made principle payments on the Tranche A Loan totaling US\$0.68 million (July 31, 2009 US\$2.28 million).
- b) Tranche B for US\$5million is repayable as to interest and principal each three months beginning July 31, 2010 for principal, with the balance due by January 31, 2013. In connection with the Tranche B Loan, the Company issued 6,794,000 detachable warrants ("Loan warrants") exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.87 (or US\$0.736) per share until January 31, 2012. The warrants are non-transferable, except by agreement of the Company, and are exercisable first to directly reduce the outstanding Loan balance at the rate of US\$0.736 per warrant exercised and, once the Loan balance is repaid, for cash to the Company at the rate of \$0.87 per warrant exercised.

The Loan agreement also required that the Company enter into a forward sales agreement for the sale of 81,876 ounces of gold at a price of US\$731 per ounce. The sales of approximately 1,135 ounces per month occur over the period of the Loan from February 28, 2007, to January 31, 2013. As at October 31, 2009, 44,783 (July 31, 2009 – 48,204) ounces remained under forward sales contracts.

The Loan is classified as a held-to-maturity liability (\$13,867), less the portion relating to the conversion feature (\$1,108) which is classified as an equity component. The Loan discount is difference between the face value of the original Loan, US\$13,000 or \$15,301 less portion of the loan classified as a liability, US\$12,059 or \$13,867. As a result, the recorded liability to repay the notes is lower than its face value. Using the effective interest rate method and the 11.0% implicit in the calculation, the difference of \$1,108, characterized as the note discount is being charged to the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and added to the liability over the term of the loan or as the Loan is repaid on a pro-rata basis. The accreted amount for the period ended October 31, 2009 was \$53 (October 31, 2008 - \$52).

	Tı	anche A Loan	Tı	ranche B Loan	Di	iscount	ccrued nterest	Total
Balance, July 31, 2008	\$	4,072	\$	5,129	\$	(724)	\$ -	\$ 8,477
Payments made during the year		(2,675)		-		-	-	(2,675)
Discount accretion		-		-		260	-	260
Foreign exchange fluctuation		429		259		(58)	-	630
Balance, July 31, 2009		1,826		5,388		(522)	-	6,692
Payments made during the				-		-	-	
period		(734)						(734)
Discount accretion		-		-		53		53
Accrued Interest		-		-		-	67	67
Foreign exchange fluctuation		3		22		(2)	-	23
Balance, October 31, 2009	\$	1,095	\$	5,410	\$	(471)	\$ 67	\$ 6,101

October 31, 2009

8. Loan Payable – (cont'd)

A summary of the Loans is as follows:

	O	ctober 31, 2009	July 31, 2009		
Tranche A Loan	\$	1,095 \$	1,826		
Tranche B Loan		5,410	5,388		
		6,505	7,214		
Add: Accrued interest		67	-		
Less: Discount		(471)	(522)		
		6,101	6,692		
Less: Current portion		(1,633)	(1,949)		
		4,468	4,743		
Less: Reclass to current		(4,468)	(4,743)		
Long-term portion	\$	- \$	-		
Principal due for the fiscal year ended:					
July 31, 2010		\$	1,371		
2011			1,336		
2012			2,252		
2013			1,546		
		\$	6,505		

The current portion of the Loan Payable above of \$1,633 reflects the scheduled payments required to October 31, 2010 under the existing Agreement and includes both the principle and accrued interest payments due over the next twelve months, totalling \$1,754, and the discount which is to be accreted over the next twelve months, totalling \$121.

To date, the Company has made all debt, interest payments and forward contract sales payments due under the Agreement with Investec, as required by the Agreement. As at the quarter ended January 31, 2009, however, the Company failed to meet a debt covenant which requires that the current ratio (current assets compared to current liabilities) not fall below a ratio of 110%. This represented a default under the Agreement with Investec. The Company received a waiver of this default from Investec at April 30, 2009 on the condition that the Company obtain additional financing or otherwise rectify the default by June 30, 2009. Due, in part, to the strengthening of both the US Dollar in relation to the Mexican Peso and of the Canadian Dollar in relation to the US Dollar, the working capital ratio was corrected by June 30th, 2009 and continues to meet the ratio requirement. As a result, the Company may or may not be in default of certain provisions of the Agreement. Investec has also informed the Company that a triggering event has occurred under the Agreement due to the fact that the Company has not met metal production targets outlined in the original Development Plan dated January 31, 2007, made pursuant to the grant of the Loan Facility. Under the Agreement, a triggering event, unremedied, may lead to a default which may result in Investec taking additional measures to perform ongoing detailed review of mining operations and to control, in conjunction with the Company's management, mine operations and financial matters, including joint control of working capital accounts. The Company continues to work closely with Investec in providing technical and financial information as requested in order to facilitate the process for Investec to gain comfort with the mining operations and resolve these issues satisfactorily with Investec. Due to the uncertainty regarding the Agreement status, management believes it is conservative to reclassify the Loan as current on the balance sheet. This reclassification is made to conform to the requirements of EIC-122 and EIC-59 and in no way affects the repayment schedule of the Loan as the Company has not been informed by Investec that the repayment schedule to January 31, 2013 has changed. Management believes that the Company will continue to make Loan principle, interest and forward contract payments in accordance with the requirements of the Agreement and is working with the cooperation of Investec to resolve any issues with the Agreement.

October 31, 2009

9. Reclamation and Closure Cost Obligations

The Company's asset retirement obligations consist of reclamation and closure costs for mines. The present value of obligations is currently estimated at \$1,506 (July 31, 2009: \$1,489) reflecting discounted payments assumed at the end of the mine life of 30,878 Mexican pesos ("MP") or \$2,529 which the Company estimates calculated annually over 10 to 12 years. Such liability was determined using a credit-adjusted risk free rate of 8%, an inflation rate of 4%, and undiscounted cash flows required to settle the obligation is approximately \$2,529.

Significant reclamation and closure activities include land rehabilitation, demolition of buildings and mine facilities and other costs.

Changes to the reclamation and closure cost balance during the period are as follows:

	October 31, 2009			July 31, 2009
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,489	\$	1,708
Accretion expense		18		121
Foreign exchange fluctuation		(1)		(340)
Revisions in assumptions, estimates and liabilities incurred		-		-
	\$	1,506	\$	1,489

10. Other Long – Term Liabilities

Under Mexican tax laws, the Company's Mexican subsidiary is required to remit 10% of taxable income to employees as statutory profit-sharing. The provision for profit-sharing is based on accounting income and the amounts will become payable as the Company's Mexican subsidiary earns taxable income.

11. Share Capital

a) <u>Authorized</u>

Unlimited common shares with no par value.

b) Shares issued

No shares were issued during the period ended October 31, 2009 or the year ended July 31, 2009.

c) <u>Options Outstanding</u>

During the year ended July 31, 2009, all of the outstanding stock options were forfeited by holders. A summary of the Company's outstanding stock options as of October 31, 2009 and July 31, 2009 and the changes during the periods then ended is presented below:

October 31, 2009

11. Share Capital - (cont'd)

c) <u>Options Outstanding</u>

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding at July 31, 2008 Options forfeited	7,869,822 (7,869,822)	\$0.84 \$0.84
Outstanding at July 31, 2009 and October 31, 2009	Nil	N/A
Exercisable at October 31, 2009	Nil	N/A

d) <u>Stock Based Compensation</u>

The Company, in accordance with the policies of the TSX, is authorized to grant options to directors, officers, and employees to acquire up to 20% of the amount of common stock outstanding. Options may be granted for a maximum term of 5 years. Optioned shares will vest and may be exercised in accordance with the vesting provisions set out as follows:

- (a) 1/3 of the options granted will vest six months after the grant date;
- (b) A further 1/3 of the options granted will vest twelve months after the grant date;
- (c) The remaining 1/3 of the options granted will vest eighteen months after the grant date.

The fair value of options granted during the past three fiscal years was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions at date of grant:

	October 31,	Year end	led, July 31,
	2009	2009	2008
Number of options granted	n/a	n/a	1,250,000
Fair value	n/a	n/a	\$576
Dividend Rate	n/a	n/a	\$0
Risk free interest rate	n/a	n/a	4.28%
Expected life	n/a	n/a	5 years
Expected annual volatility	n/a	n/a	82%
Average strike price	n/a	n/a	\$0.95
Weighted average fair value per option	n/a	n/a	\$0.46

Due to the forfeiture of all stock options during the year ended July 31, 2009, the Company has stockbased compensation of \$Nil during the period ended October 31, 2009 (October 31, 2008: \$89), which has been recorded in the statement of operations and debited to contributed surplus. Of these amounts, an increase of \$Nil (2008 - \$76) to Cost of Sales – Mined ore and Administrative Expenses – Stockbased compensation increased by \$Nil (2008 - \$13).

October 31, 2009

11. Share Capital - (cont'd)

e) <u>Warrants Outstanding</u>

Pursuant to the Loan financing, the Company issued 19,236,000 detachable warrants exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company. Of these warrants, 12,442,000 warrants are exercisable at a price of Cdn\$0.76 (or US\$0.643) per share until January 31, 2011, and 6,794,000 warrants are exercisable until January 31, 2012, at a price of Cdn\$0.87 (or US\$0.736), and for a further period of one year, if any of the Loan remains outstanding, at a price equal to the greater of Cdn\$0.87 (or US\$0.736) and 160% of the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares for the five business days before January 31, 2012.

The fair value of the 19,236,000 warrants issued pursuant to the Loan was estimated to be \$1,108 which was equal to the discount calculated on the Loan. This value of the 19,236,000 warrants has been recorded in the statement of operations and credited to warrants on the balance sheet.

A summary of the Company's outstanding share purchase warrants at July 31, 2009 and July 31, 2008 and the changes during the years then ended is presented below:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average Exercise price		
Outstanding and exercisable at July 31, 2007	39,318,697	\$	0.80	
Warrants cancelled/expired	(2,079,840)	\$	0.80	
Outstanding and exercisable at July 31, 2009 and 2008	37,238,857	\$	0.80	
Warrants cancelled/expired	(6,023,400)	\$	0.80	
Outstanding and exercisable at October 31, 2009	31,215,457	\$	0.80	

During the period ended October 31, 2009, \$1,441 representing the fair value of 6,023,400 warrants which expired in the period, was transferred from Warrants to Contributed Surplus.

During the year ended July 31, 2008, \$2,843 representing the fair value of the 2,079,840 warrants cancelled was transferred from Warrants to Contributed Surplus.

12. Financial Instruments

All significant financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments of the Company are either recognized or disclosed in the financial statements together with other information relevant for making a reasonable assessment of future cash flows, interest rate risk and credit risk. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at their fair value. The fair values of amounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate carrying value because of the short-term nature of these instruments. Based on a market price of LIBOR plus 6%, the fair value of the loan payable at October 31, 2009 was \$6,013 (July 31, 2009 - \$6,450). Other than previously mentioned there are no other differences between the carrying values and the fair values of any financial assets or liabilities.

In the normal course of business, the Company's assets, liabilities and future transactions are impacted by various market risks, including currency risks associated with inventory, revenues, cost of sales, capital expenditures, interest earned on cash and the interest rate risk associated with floating rate debt.

Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk to the Company's earnings that arises from fluctuations of foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. The Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk. At July 31, 2009 the Company had the following financial assets and liabilities denominated in Canadian dollars (CDN) and denominated in Mexican Pesos (MP):

October 31, 2009

12. Financial Instruments – (cont'd)

	In '000 of CDN Dollars		In '000 of Mexican Pesos (MP)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	391	MP	4,593	
Other working capital amounts - net	\$	21	MP	(5,602)	
Long-term Liabilities	\$	-	MP	32,236	

At October 31, 2009 US dollar amounts were converted at a rate of \$1.0819 Canadian dollars to \$1 US dollar and Mexican Pesos were converted at a rate of MP13.2166 to \$1 US Dollar. A 10% increase or decrease in the US dollar exchange may increase or decrease annual earnings from mining operations by approximately \$1,600. A 10% increase or decrease in the MP exchange rate will decrease or increase annual earnings from mining operations by approximately \$940.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company's cash earns interest and its loan payable accrues interest at variable interest rates. While fluctuations in market rates do not have a significant impact on the fair value of the Company's cash flows, such fluctuations could have a moderate impact on the fair value of the loan payable as of October 31, 2009. Future cash flows will be affected by interest rate fluctuations. Interest rate risk consists of two components:

- (i) To the extent that payments made or received on the Company's monetary assets and liabilities are affected by changes in the prevailing market interest rates, the Company is exposed to interest rate cash flow risk.
- (ii) To the extent that changes in prevailing market interest rates differ from the interest rates in the Company's monetary assets and liabilities, the Company is exposed to interest rate price risk.

The Company's exposure to interest rate fluctuations is moderate. A 1% increase or decrease in the interest rate will decrease or increase annual net income by approximately \$70.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash, the balance of which at October 31, 2009 is \$2,059. Cash and cash equivalents of \$1,683 are held, primarily, at a chartered Canadian financial institution, the remainder of \$376 is held at a Mexican financial institution. All trade receivables are owing from two customers and are receivable in US dollars

October 31, 2009

12. Financial Instruments – (cont'd)

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the excess of financial obligations over available financial assets due at any point in time. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient readily available reserves in order to meet its liquidity requirements. The Company accomplishes this by achieving profitable operations and maintaining sufficient cash reserves. As at October 31, 2009, the Company was holding cash of \$2,059. The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities and current portion of its loan payable are due in the short term. Long-term obligations include the Company's loan payable, reclamation and closure cost obligations, other long-term liabilities and future income taxes. Prudent management of liquidity risk requires the regular review of existing and future loan covenants to meet expected expenditures and obligations under the Agreement (see Note 1). Although the Company was in default of a loan covenant during the year ended July 31, 2009, the Company has corrected the issue of default and continues to make all debt, interest payments and forward contract sales payments as required under the Agreement with Investec. Management believes that profits generated from the mine will be sufficient to meet its financial obligations and management believes that the Company will be able to meet all existing loan covenants in the future.

The Loan agreement entered into on the Acquisition required that the Company enter into a forward sales agreement for the sale of 81,876 ounces of gold at a price of US\$731 per ounce until January, 2013. These gold sales contracts are excluded from the definition of derivatives because the obligation may be met by the physical delivery of gold and the Company's practices, productive capacity and delivery intentions are consistent with the definition of normal sales contracts in accordance with the Company's Revenue Recognition Policy in Note 2 of the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2009. The fair value of the remaining gold sales contracts for the sale of 44,783 ounces to January 31, 2013, as at October 31, 2009 was negative US\$14,582 (July 31, 2009 - US\$11,614) based on a gold value of US\$1,036 per ounce (July 31, 2009 – US\$936).

13. Commitments

- a) A term of the Loan financing (note 8) requires that the Company fund a Debt Service Reserve Account ("DSRA") at October 31, 2009, which will maintain a balance equal to six months loan principal and interest at all times. The required funding commitment at October 31, 2009, is approximately US\$975 in accordance with the Loan repayment schedule. The Company has used all but \$49 of this account to fund loan principal payments during the year ended July 31, 2008. The Company is required to refund the DSRA as soon as excess operating funds are available from mine operations. The principal due over the next twelve months ended October 31, 2010 is \$1,560 (see Note 8) and is in addition to the funding of the DSRA.
- b) As at October 31, 2009, the Company has shared lease commitments for office space, of \$97, which included minimum lease payments, estimated taxes and excluding operating costs to expiry in February 2010.
- c) As at October 31, 2009, the Company has management contracts to officers and directors totaling \$300 per year, payable monthly, expiring in January, 2013.
- d) Pursuant to the Acquisition agreement (note 1), the Company has granted Goldcorp Inc. a subordinated security interest over the Bernal mining properties as collateral to ensure that Bernal maintains an agreement to sell all silver produced from the mine to Goldcorp Inc. until October, 2029, at the prevailing spot market rate at the time of the silver sale.

October 31, 2009

14. Segmented Information

Segment assets

During the period ended October 31, 2009, 100% of the Company's reportable sales were to two third parties. The Company operates in two reportable geographical and three operating segments. Selected financial information by geographical segment is as follows:

		Marta		Consta	October 31, 2009		
		Mexico		Canada		Total	
Revenue	\$	4,866	\$	-	\$	4,866	
Amortization and depletion		523		17		540	
Interest on long term debt		187		-		187	
Earnings (loss) for the year		732		(282)		450	
Mining interest, plant and equipment		41,565		115		41,680	
Mineral properties and deferred							
exploration costs		806		-		806	
Segment assets		46,833		608		47,441	
		Mexico	Canada		Total		
		Mexico	Canada		Total		
Revenue	\$	6,629	\$	-	\$	6,629	
Amortization and depletion		621		16		637	
Interest on long term debt		146		-		146	
Earnings (loss) for the year		276		(385)		(109)	
					Ju	ly 31, 2009	
		Mexico		Canada		Total	
Mining interest, plant and equipment Mineral properties and deferred		41,139		130		41,269	
exploration costs		806		-		806	

Selected financial information by operating segments is as follows:

	Mining Operations		Exploration & Development		Corporate		October 31, 2009 Total	
Revenue	\$ 4,866	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,866	
Amortization and depletion	523		-		17		540	
Interest on long term debt	187		-		-		187	
Earnings (loss) for the year	732		-		(282)		450	
Mining interest, plant and equipment	41,565		-		115		41,680	
Mineral properties and deferred								
exploration costs	-		806		-		806	
Segment assets	46,027		806		765		47,441	

45,491

765

46,256

October 31, 2009

14. Segmented Information – (cont'd)

		Mining Operations	Exploration & Development		Corporate		October 31, 2008 Total	
Revenue	\$	6,629	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,629
Amortization and depletion		621		-		17		637
Interest on long term debt		146		-		-		146
Earnings (loss) for the year		276		-		(385)		(109)
							J	uly 31,
		Mining	Explo	oration &				2009
		Operations	Deve	lopment	Cor	oorate		Total
Mining interest, plant and equipment Mineral properties and deferred		41,139		-		130		41,269
exploration costs		-		806		_		806
Segment assets		44,685		806		765		46,256

During the period ended October 31, 2009, 100% (October 31, 2008 – 100%) of revenue of the Company was earned from two (2008 - two) customers. The balance owing from these customers on October 31, 2009 was \$727 (July 31, 2009 - \$825).

15. Capital Disclosures

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

The Company considers the items included in the consolidated statements of shareholders' equity as capital. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares through private placements, sell assets to reduce debt or return capital to shareholders. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

16. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to October 31, 2009:

- a) the Company completed a non-brokered financing for proceeds of \$2.2 million. The financing was in the form of:
 - i) 15,000,000 Units at \$0.10 per Unit, each Unit comprised of one common share and one-half of one transferable share purchase warrant. Each whole Warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at \$0.15 to November 26, 2010;
 - ii) 7,000,000 Special Warrants at \$0.10 per Special Warrant, each Special Warrant exercisable, at no additional cost, into one Unit on the same terms as described above.

October 31, 2009

16. Subsequent Events – (cont'd)

A finder's fee applied in this transaction in the form of a cash commission of \$128,975 and 1,842,500 nontransferable Agent Warrants, each Warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.15 to November 26, 2010. Pursuant to TSX policies, the exercise of the Warrants, Special Warrants and Agent Warrants are subject to shareholder approval, which will be sought at the annual meeting of shareholders scheduled for January 18, 2010. The Special Warrants will be deemed to be exercised on the date which is two business days after the receipt of shareholder approval for the exercise of the Special Warrants.

All securities issued pursuant to the private placement are subject to a four month hold period to March 27, 2010.

b) the Company, granted incentive stock options to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company, entitling them to purchase up to 8,500,000 common shares at \$0.15 per share for five years.